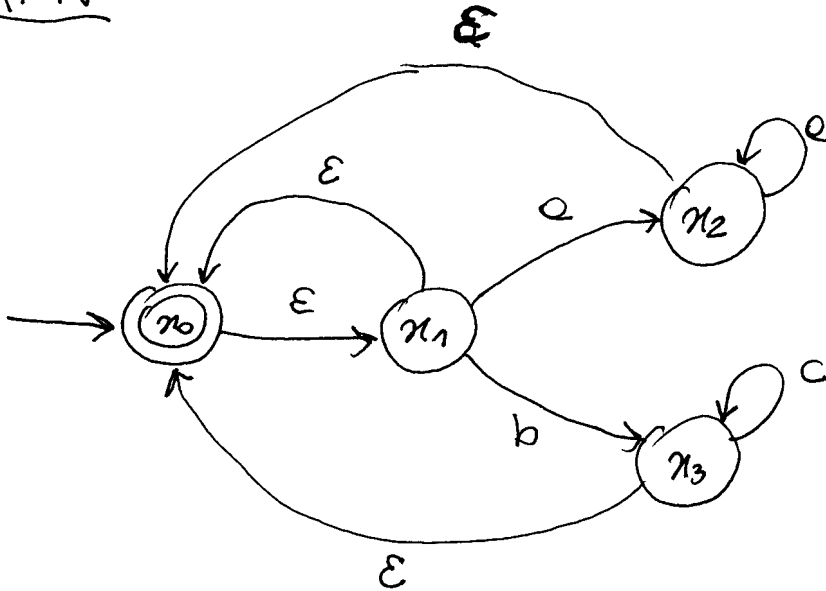


$$\alpha = (a^* + bc^*)^* + bc^*a$$

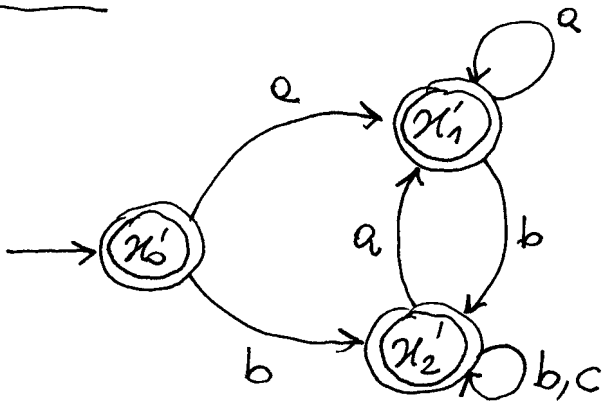
$$= (a^* + bc^*)^*$$

7

AFN



AFD



$$x'_0 = \{x_0, x_1\}$$

$$x'_1 = \{x_0, x_1, x_2\}$$

$$x'_2 = \{x_0, x_1, x_3\}$$

$$\mathcal{X}' = \{x'_0, x'_1\}, \mathcal{X}'_{new} = \{x'_2\}$$

evento a

$$A(x'_2, a) = \{x'_2\}, B(x'_2, a) = \{x_0, x_1, x_2\} = x'_1$$

evento b

$$A(\pi_2', b) = \{\pi_3\}, \quad B(\pi_2', b) = \{\pi_0, \pi_1, \pi_3\} = \pi_2'$$

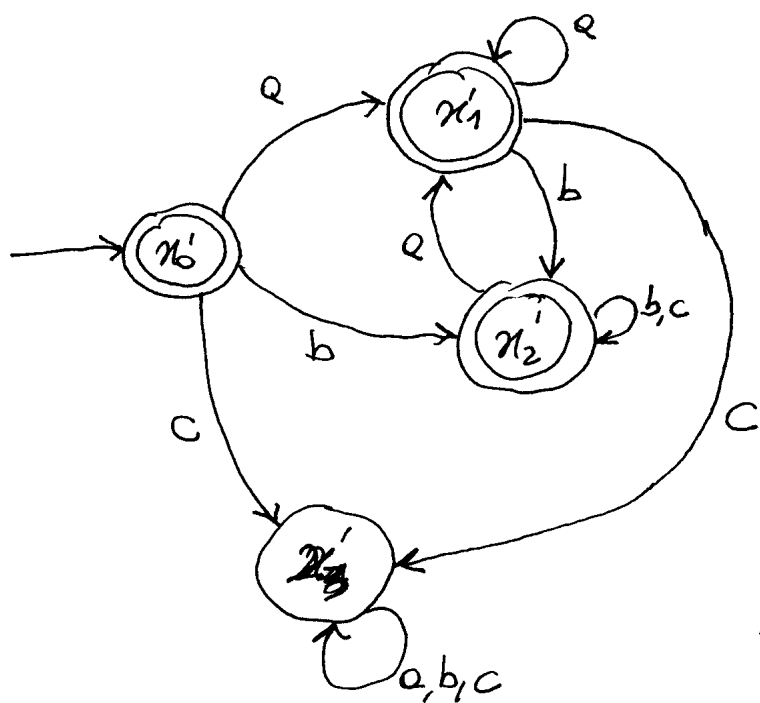
(2)

evento c

$$A(\pi_2', c) = \{\pi_3\}, \quad B(\pi_2', c) = \{\pi_0, \pi_1, \pi_3\} = \pi_2'$$

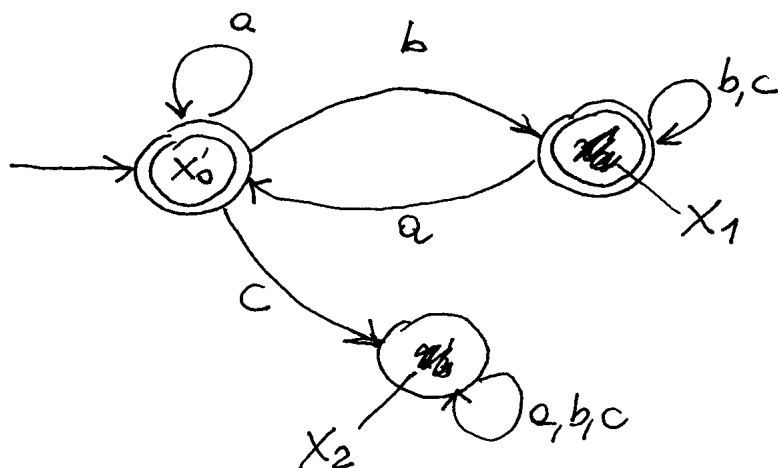
$$\underline{\chi' = \{\pi_0', \pi_1', \pi_2'\}, \quad \chi_{\text{new}} = \emptyset}$$

STATI FINALI: $\pi' = \{\pi_0', \pi_1', \pi_2'\}$



$\Rightarrow$ e' minimo?

Gli stati π_0' e π_1' sono equivalenti per la regola R.2.



$$\begin{cases} \alpha_0 = \varepsilon + \alpha_0 a + \alpha_1 a \\ \alpha_1 = \alpha_0 b + \alpha_1 (b+c) \end{cases}$$

...

$$\boxed{\alpha = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1}$$

$$\alpha_0 = \varepsilon + (\alpha_0 + \alpha_1) a = \varepsilon + \alpha a$$

$$\alpha_1 = (\alpha_0 + \alpha_1) b + \alpha_1 c = \alpha b + \alpha_1 c$$



$$\alpha_1 = \alpha b c^*$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha &= \beta + \alpha \gamma \\ \alpha &= \beta \gamma^* \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 = \underbrace{\varepsilon + \alpha a}_{\alpha_0} + \underbrace{\alpha b c^*}_{\alpha_1} = \varepsilon + \alpha (a + b c^*)$$



$$\boxed{\alpha = (a + b c^*)^*}$$

ESERCIZIO

4

AFD equivalente a $\alpha = (a+b)^*c + \underbrace{b(b+c)a}_{\substack{bbe \\ bce}}$

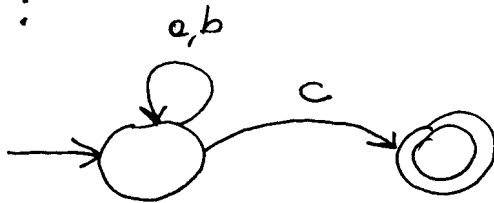
1° metodo

$$\alpha_1 = (a+b)^*c$$

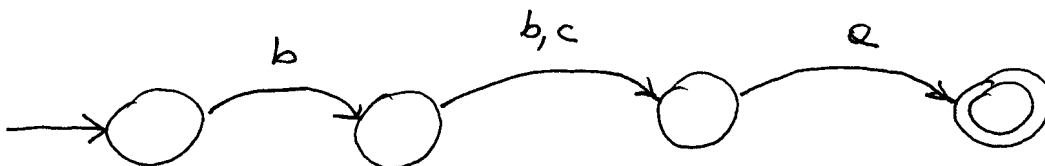
$$\alpha_2 = b(b+c)a$$

$$\boxed{\alpha = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2}$$

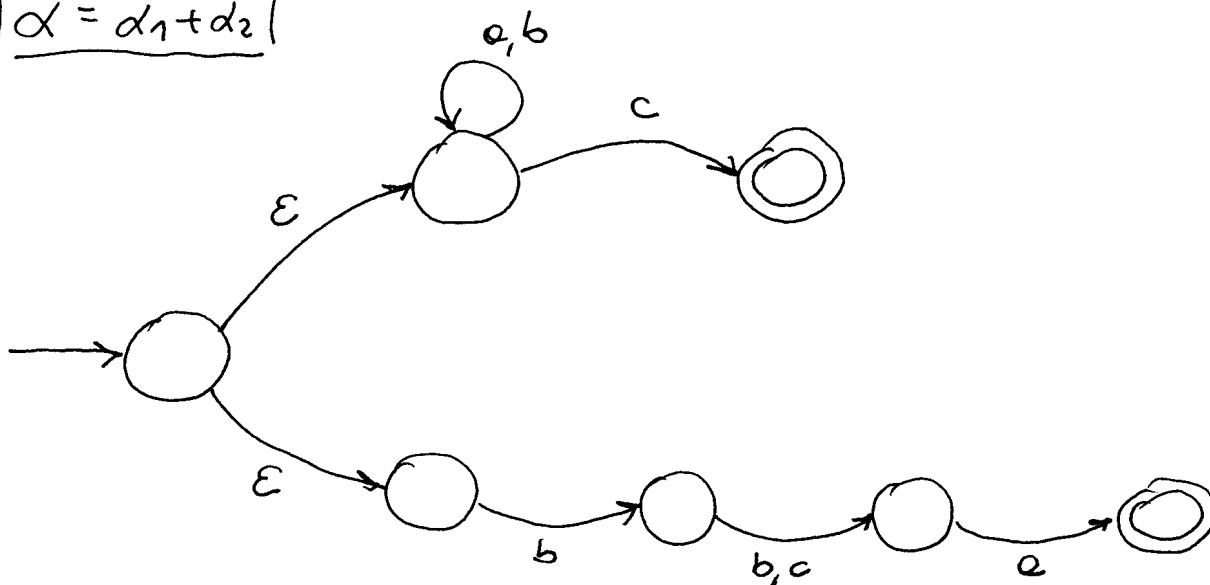
α_1 :



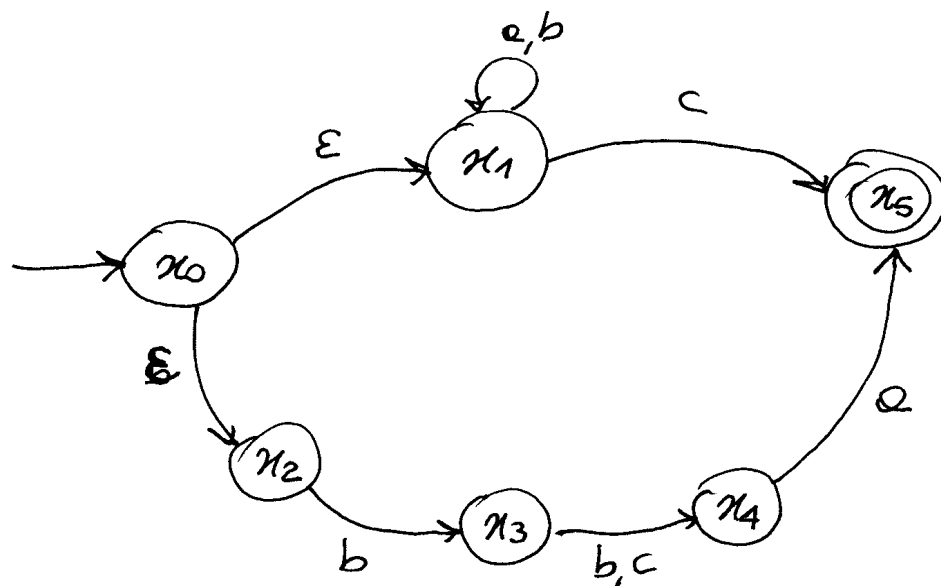
α_2 :



$$\boxed{\alpha = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2}$$



I due stati finali sono equivalenti (regola R.2)



AFN

$$D(q_0) = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\} \quad D(q_3) = \{q_3\}$$

$$D(q_1) = \{q_1\} \quad D(q_4) = \{q_4\}$$

$$D(q_2) = \{q_2\} \quad D(q_5) = \{q_5\}.$$

$$D_a(q_0) = \emptyset \quad D_a(q_1) = \{q_1\} \quad D_a(q_2) = \emptyset \quad D_a(q_3) = \emptyset$$

$$D_b(q_0) = \emptyset \quad D_b(q_1) = \{q_1\} \quad D_b(q_2) = \{q_3\} \quad D_b(q_3) = \{q_4\}$$

$$D_c(q_0) = \emptyset \quad D_c(q_1) = \{q_5\} \quad D_c(q_2) = \emptyset \quad D_c(q_3) = \{q_4\}$$

$$D_a(q_4) = \{q_5\} \quad D_a(q_5) = \emptyset$$

$$D_b(q_4) = \emptyset \quad D_b(q_5) = \emptyset$$

$$D_c(q_4) = \emptyset \quad D_c(q_5) = \emptyset$$

$$\bullet \quad q'_0 = D(q_0) = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}$$

$$\bullet \quad \underline{X' = \emptyset, \quad X'_{\text{new}} = \{q'_0\}}$$

Analizziamo q'_0 .

evento a

$$A(\kappa'_0, a) = D_a(\kappa_0) \cup D_a(\kappa_1) \cup D_a(\kappa_2) = \{\kappa_1\}$$

$$B(\kappa'_0, a) = D(\kappa_1) = \{\kappa_1\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \kappa'_1 = \{\kappa_1\}.$$

~~evento a~~ $\chi'_{\text{new}} = \{\kappa'_0, \kappa'_1\}.$

evento b

$$A(\kappa'_0, b) = D_b(\kappa_0) \cup D_b(\kappa_1) \cup D_b(\kappa_2) = \{\kappa_1, \kappa_3\}$$

$$B(\kappa'_0, b) = D(\kappa_1) \cup D(\kappa_3) = \{\kappa_1, \kappa_3\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \kappa'_2 = \{\kappa_1, \kappa_3\}$$

$$\chi'_{\text{new}} = \{\kappa'_0, \kappa'_1, \kappa'_2\}.$$

evento c

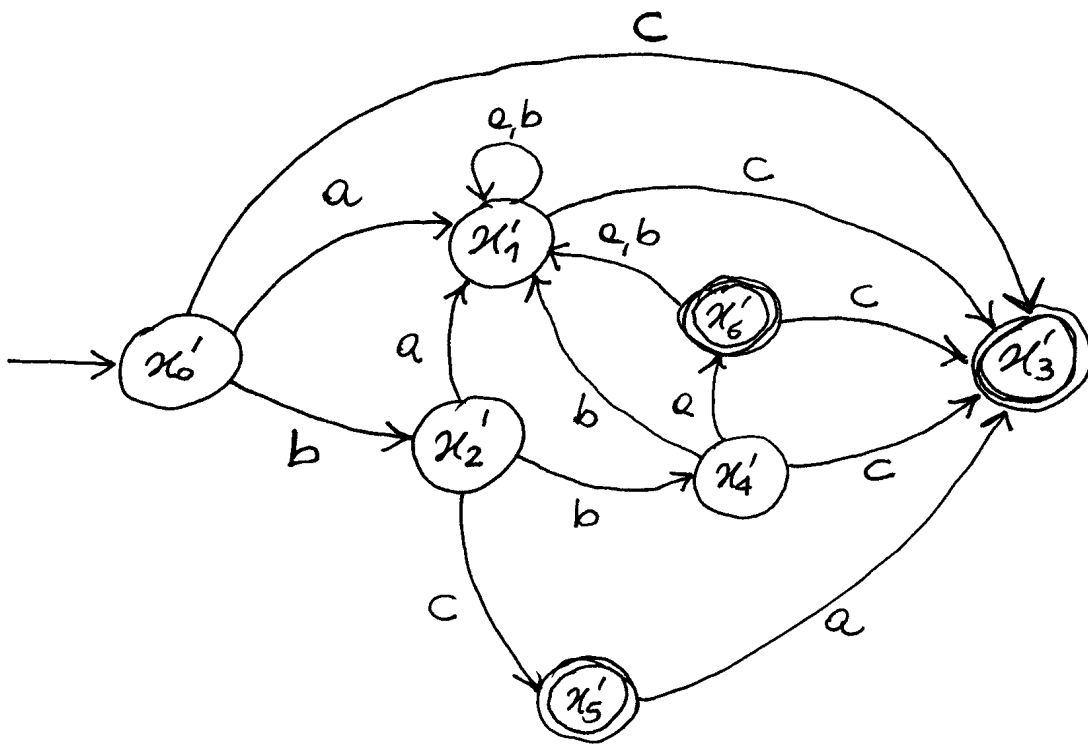
$$A(\kappa'_0, c) = D_c(\kappa_0) \cup D_c(\kappa_1) \cup D_c(\kappa_2) = \{\kappa_5\}$$

$$B(\kappa'_0, c) = D(\kappa_5) = \{\kappa_5\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \kappa'_3 = \{\kappa_5\}$$

$$\chi'_{\text{new}} = \{\kappa'_0, \kappa'_1, \kappa'_2, \kappa'_3\}$$

$$\underline{\chi' = \{\kappa'_0\}, \chi'_{\text{new}} = \{\kappa'_1, \kappa'_2, \kappa'_3\}}$$



$$x_0' = \{x_0, x_1, x_2\}$$

$$x_4' = \{x_1, x_4\}$$

$$x_1' = \{x_1\}$$

$$x_5' = \{x_4, x_5\}$$

$$x_2' = \{x_1, x_3\}$$

$$x_6' = \{x_1, x_5\}$$

$$x_3' = \{x_5\}$$

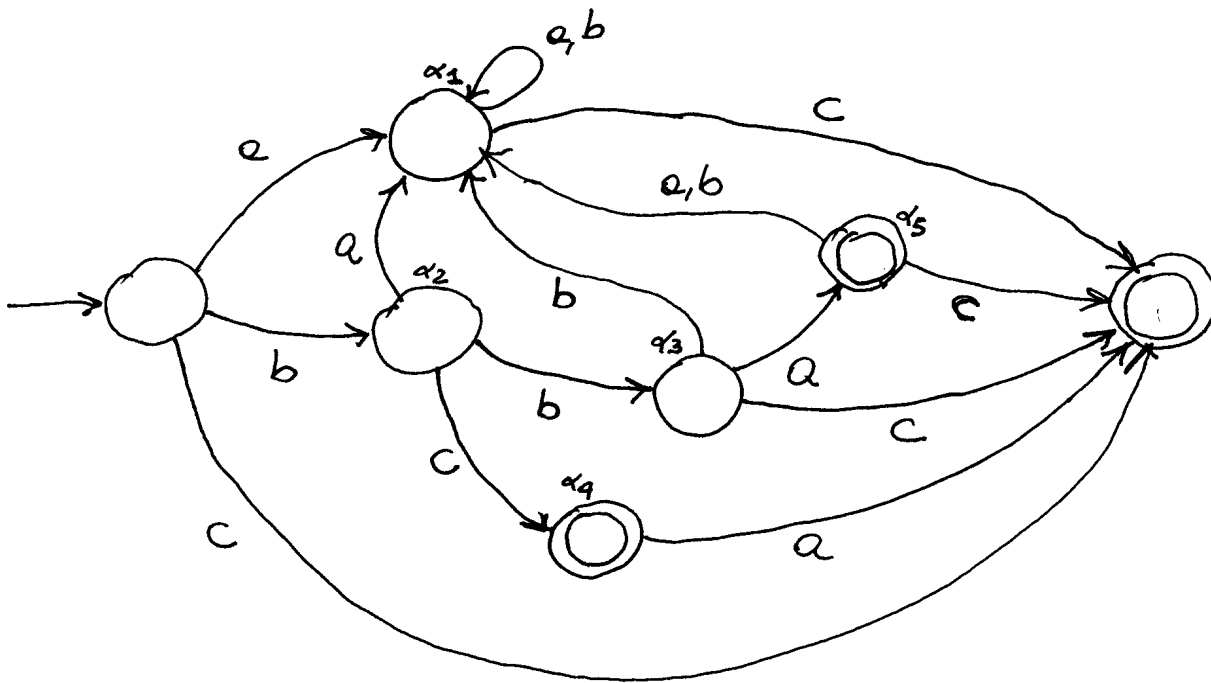
2° metodo

$$\alpha = (a+b)^*c + b(b+c)a$$

$$= c + (a+b)(a+b)^*c + b(b+c)a$$

$$= \underbrace{a(a+b)^*c}_{\alpha_1} + b \left(\underbrace{(a+b)^*c + (b+c)a}_{\alpha_2} \right) + c$$

$$y^* = \varepsilon + yy^*$$



$$\alpha_1 = (a+b)^*c$$

$$\alpha_2 = (a+b)^*c + (b+c)a$$

$$= c + (a+b)(a+b)^*c + (b+c)a$$

$$= a \underbrace{(a+b)^*c}_{\alpha_1} + b \underbrace{((a+b)^*c + a)}_{\alpha_3} + c \underbrace{(\epsilon + a)}_{\alpha_4}$$

$$\alpha_3 = (a+b)^*c + a$$

$$= c + (a+b)(a+b)^*c + a$$

$$= a \underbrace{(\epsilon + (a+b)^*c)}_{\alpha_5} + b \underbrace{(a+b)^*c}_{\alpha_1} + c$$

$$\alpha_4 = \epsilon + a$$

$$\alpha_5 = \epsilon + (a+b)^*c = \epsilon + c + (a+b)(a+b)^*c$$

$$= \epsilon + a \underbrace{(a+b)^*c}_{\alpha_1} + b \underbrace{(a+b)^*c}_{\alpha_1} + c$$