

Instructions

Opcode+Func (hexadecimal)	Instruction	Example	Meaning	Comments
00+20/00+21	add	add/addu \$1,\$2,\$3	\$1 = \$2 + \$3	(signed/unsigned) 3 operands; exception possible
00+22/00+23	subtract	sub/subu \$1,\$2,\$3	\$1 = \$2 - \$3	(signed/unsigned) 3 operands; exception possible
08/09	add immediate	addi/addiu \$1,\$2,100	\$1 = \$2 + 100	(signed/unsigned) + constant ; exception possible
00+18/00+19	multiplication	mult/multu \$1,\$2	Hi,Lo= \$1 x \$2	(signed/unsigned) 64-bit Product ; result in Hi,Lo
00+1A/00+1B	division	div/divu \$1,\$2	Hi= \$1 % \$2, Lo = \$1 / \$2	(signed/unsigned) division
00+10/00+12	move from Hi / move from Lo	mfhi/mflo \$1	\$1 = Hi (\$1 = Lo)	Create copy of Hi (Create a copy of Lo)
00+2A/00+2B	set on less than	slt/sltu \$1,\$2,\$3	if (\$2 < \$3) \$1 = 1; else \$1 = 0	(signed/unsigned) compare \$2 and \$3 (less than)
0A/0B	set on less than immediate	slti/sltiu \$1,\$2,100	if (\$2 < 100) \$1 = 1; else \$1 = 0	(signed/unsigned) compare \$2 and constant (less than)
00+24/25/26/27	and / or / xor / nor	and/or/xor/nor \$1,\$2,\$3	\$1=\$2&\$3 / \$2 \$3 / \$2^\$3 / !(\$2 \$3)	3 register operands; Logical AND/OR/XOR/NOR
0C/0D/0E	and / or / xor immediate	andi/ori/xori \$1,\$2,100	\$1 = \$2 & 100 / \$2 100 / \$2 ^100	Logical AND/OR/XOR register, constant
00+00	shift left logical	sll \$1,\$2,10	\$1 = \$2 << 10	Shift left by constant
00+02/00+03	shift right (!logical,a=arithmetic)	srl/sra \$1,\$2,10	\$1 = \$2 >> 10	Shift right by constant (for arithmetic: sign is preserved)
23/20	load word / load byte	lw/lb \$1,100(\$2)	\$1 = Memory[\$2+100]	Data from memory to register
24	load byte unsigned	lbu \$1,100(\$2)	\$1 = Memory[\$2+100]	Data from mem. To reg.: no sign extension
2B/28	store word / store byte	sw/sb \$1,100(\$2)	Memory[\$2+100] = \$1	Data from register to memory
0F	load upper immediate	lui \$1,0x1234	\$1=0x1234'0000	load most significant 16 bits
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION	load address	la \$1,var	\$1 = &var	Load address of var (lui \$1,H16(&var);ori \$1,L16(&var)) H16/L16=high/low 16 bits of &var
02	jump	j 10000	go to 10000	Jump to target address
00+08	jump register	jr \$31	go to \$31	For switch, procedure return
03	jump and link	jal 10000	\$31 = PC + 4; go to 10000	For procedure call
04	branch on equal	beq \$1,\$2,100	if (\$1 = \$2) go to PC+4+100	Equal test; PC relative branch
05	branch on not equal	bne \$1,\$2,100	if (\$1 != \$2) go to PC+4+100	Not equal test; PC relative
00+0C	syscall	syscall	call OS service Sv0	See table of system calls below
10+10,rs=10	rfe	rfe	shift right (k,e) bits in STATUS reg	Exit Kernel Mode, Enable Interrupts
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION	branch unconditional	b 100	go to PC+4+100	PC relative branch (e.g., beq \$0,\$0,100)
PSEUDOINSTRUCTION	no operation	nop	do nothing	Do nothing (e.g. sll \$0,\$0,0)
30	load-linked	ll \$1,100(\$2)	\$1=Memory[\$2+100]	Read and start to monitor the given memory location
38	store-conditional	sc \$1,100(\$2)	Memory[\$2+100]=\$1 or →	return 0 if a coherence action happens since the previous ll (\$1 must be different from 0)
11+00 fmt=10/11	add.s / add.d	add.x \$f0,\$f2,\$f4	\$f0=\$f2+\$f4	Single and double precision add
11+01 fmt=10/11	sub.s / sub.d	sub.x \$f0,\$f2,\$f4	\$f0=\$f2-\$f4	Single and double precision subtraction
11+02 fmt=10/11	mul.s / mul.d	mul.x \$f0,\$f2,\$f4	\$f0=\$f2*\$f4	Single and double precision multiplication
11+03 fmt=10/11	div.s / div.d	div.x \$f0,\$f2,\$f4	\$f0=\$f2/\$f4	Single and double precision division
11+05 fmt=10/11	abs.s / abs.d	abs.x \$f0,\$f2	\$f0=ABS(\$f2)	Single and double precision absolute value
11+06 fmt=10/11	mov.s / mov.d	mov.x \$f0,\$f2	\$f0←\$f2	Single and double precision move
11+07 fmt=10/11	neg.s / neg.d	neg.x \$f0,\$f2	\$f0= - (\$f2)	Single and double precision opposite value
11+3C (31, 32, 3D, 3E, 3F) fmt=10/11	c.lt.s / c.lt.d (ne,eq,gt,le,ge)	c.lt.x \$f0,\$f2	Temp=(\$f0<\$f2)	Single and double: compare \$f0 and \$f2 <,>,<=,>=
11+00 fmt=4/0	move to/from coprocessor 1	mtc1/mfc1 \$1,\$f2	\$f2=\$1 / \$1=\$f2	Move \$1 to/from C1 reg. \$f2 (no conversion)
10+00 fmt=4/0	move to/from coprocessor 0	mtc0/mfc0 \$1,\$2	\$c2=\$1 / \$1=\$c2	Move \$1 to/from C0 reg. \$f2 (no conversion)
11+00 fmt=6/2	move to/from control reg of cop.1	ctc1/cfc1 \$1,\$cf2	\$cf2=\$1 / \$1=\$cf2	Move \$1 to/from C1-CONTROL register
11 fmt=8, ft=1/0	branch on true/false	bclt/bclf label	If (Temp == true/false) go to label	Temp is 'Condition-Code'
31/39	load/store floating point (32bit)	lwc1/swc1 \$f0,0(\$1)	\$f0←Memory[\$1] / Memory[\$1]←\$f0	Data from FP (C1) register to memory
11+21, fmt=10/11+22, fmt=11	convert from/to single to/from double	cvt.d.s/cvt.s.d \$f0,\$f2	\$f0=(double)\$f2/\$f0=(single)\$f2	Type conversion
11+24, fmt=11/11+20	convert from/to single to/from integer	cvt.w.s/cvt.s.w \$f1,\$f0	\$f1=(int)\$f0 / \$f0=(single)\$f2	Type conversion

Register Usage

Name	Reg. Num.	Usage
\$zero	0	The constant value 0
\$s0-\$s7	16-23	Saved
\$t0-\$t9	8-15,24-25	Temporaires
\$a0-\$a3	4-7	Arguments

Name	Reg. Num.	Usage
\$v0-\$v1	2-3	Results
\$fp, \$sp	30,29	frame pointer, stack pointer
\$ra, \$gp	31,28	return address, global pointer
\$k0-\$k1	26,27	Kernel usage

Reg. Num.	Usage
\$f0, \$f2	Return values
\$f12, \$f14	Function arguments
\$f20, \$f22, \$f24, \$f26, \$f28, \$f30	Saved registers
\$f4, \$f6, \$f8, \$f10, \$f16, \$f18	Temporaries registers

System calls

Service Name	Service Num. (Sv0)	INPUT Arguments	OUTPUT Arguments
print int	1	\$a0=integer to print	---
print float	2	\$f12=float to print	---
print double	3	(\$f12,\$f13)=double to print	---
print string	4	\$a0=address of ASCHZ string to print	---
read int	5	---	\$v0=integer
read float	6	---	\$f0=float
read double	7	---	\$f0-\$f1=double
read string	8	\$a0=address of input buffer, \$a1=max characters to read	---
sbrk	9	\$a0=Number of bytes to be allocated	\$v0=pointer to the allocated memory
exit	10	---	---